A SUCCESSFUL WOMEN FARMER IN BRACKISHWATER SHRIMP FARMING: CASE FROM SOUTH KONKAN REGION, MAHARASHTRA







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- Aquaculture is currently the fastest growing food producing sector in the world.
- Aquaculture is recognized as an important means for livelihood, rural development, food and nutritional security.
- Among various fish production enterprises, shrimp aquaculture is one of the fastest growing forms of aquaculture
- The main shrimp species cultured worldwide are White-Leg Shrimp, Litopenaeus vannamei and Giant Black Tiger Shrimp, Penaeus monodon

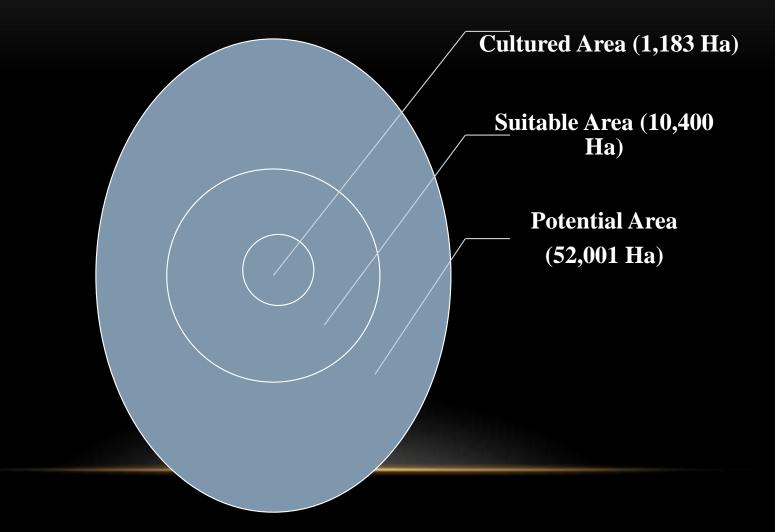
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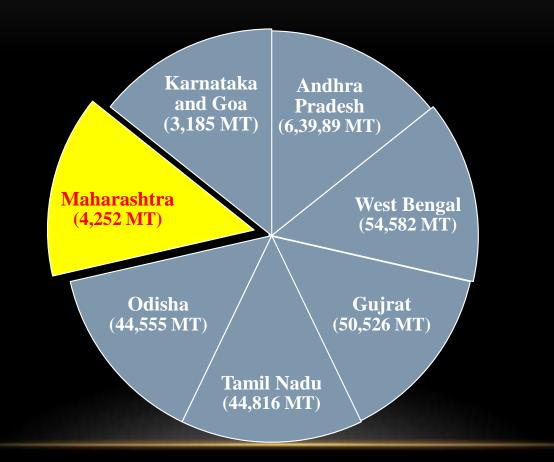
- In India The total estimated brackish water area is about 12.40 million ha, out of which 1.19 million ha is found suitable for brackish water shrimp farming.
- ➤ 1,66,722 ha is developed for shrimp farming till 2021.
- ➢ Total culture shrimp production during 2021 was 8.4 lakh tones.

Source: MPEDA (2019)

BRACKISHWATER SHRIMP FARMING AREA IN MAHARASHTRA



STATE-WISE SHRIMP PRODUCTION IN INDIA



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Mainly five coastal districts of Maharashtra viz. Palghar, Thane, Raigad, Ratnagiri and Sindhudurg contribute significantly to the shrimp production of Maharashtra

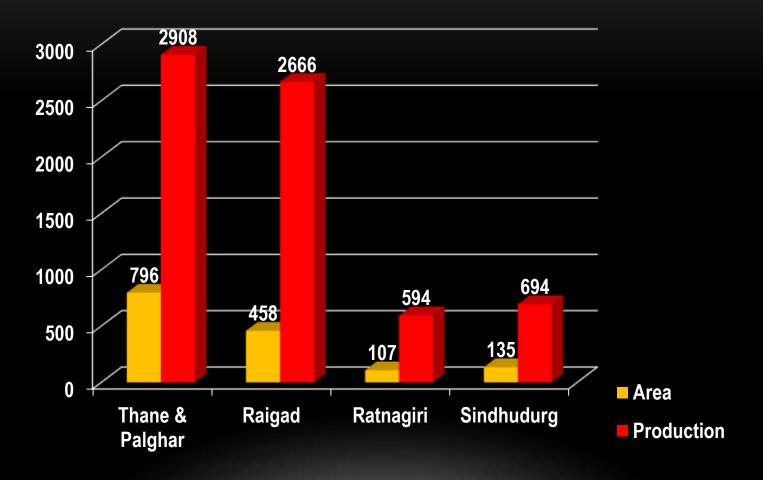
District-wise area under culture and Shrimp Production in Maharashtra :

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No Name of Dis	Name of District	Pacific white shrimp	
		Area under culture (Ha.)	Production (tons)
1	Thane & Palghar	796	2908
2	Raigad	458	2666
3	Ratnagiri	107	594
4 Sindhudurg Total	135	694	
	Total	1496	6862
		100%	Source: DOF , Maharashtra (20

District-wise area under shrimp culture and Production in Maharashtra



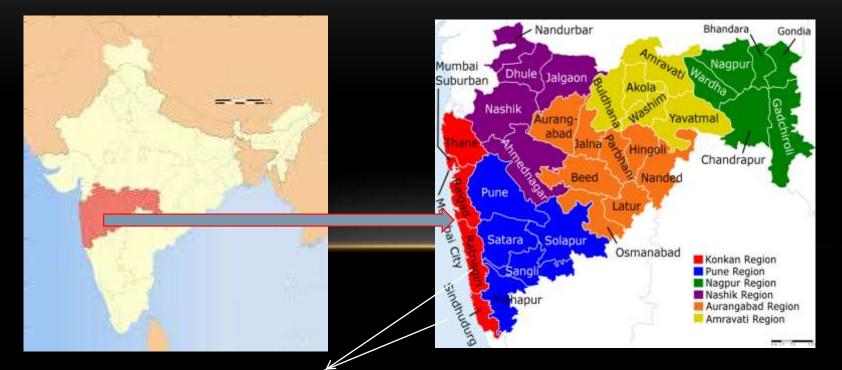
Source: DOF , Maharashtra (2020)

Involvement of men and women in shrimp farming of Maharashtra

- During emergence of shrimp farming in Maharashtra, men were owner of shrimp farms.
- Role of women in shrimp industry was as farm workers and they were involved in pond construction, wild seed collection, feed making, feeding and marketing etc.
- At present as per official records available with Department of Fisheries, Maharashtra, 6% of farms are registered in name of women.
- But at ground level these shrimp farms are run by men which show that farm ownership is dominated by men.
- In the present times, numbers of shrimp farming practices have changed with new technologies/practices.
- New technologies/practices include use of machines/tractors for pond digging, hatchery for seed supply, factory feed, automatic feeder, zero water exchange system, direct marketing through companies, Use of IoT etc.



Study Area



RATNAGIRI



SOUTH KONKAN

5

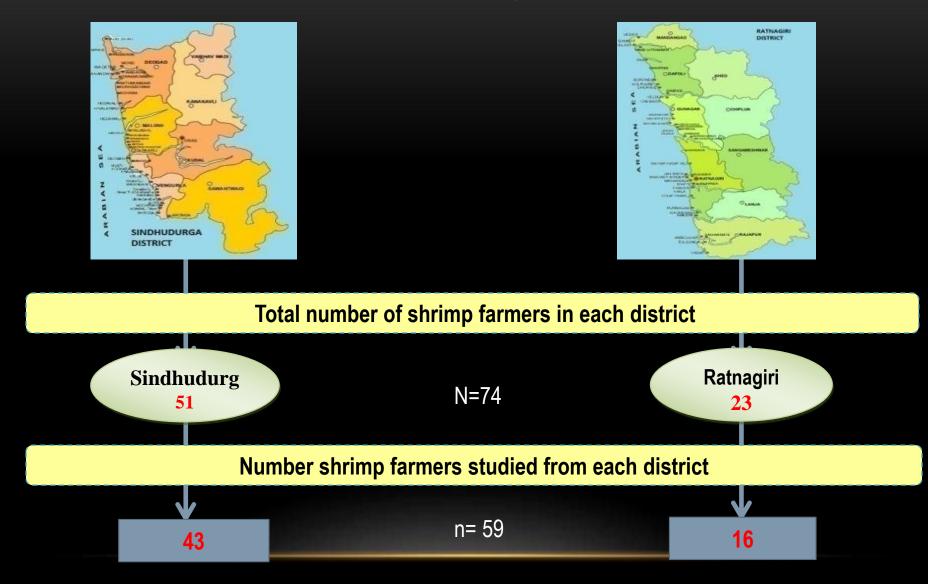
SINDHUDURG

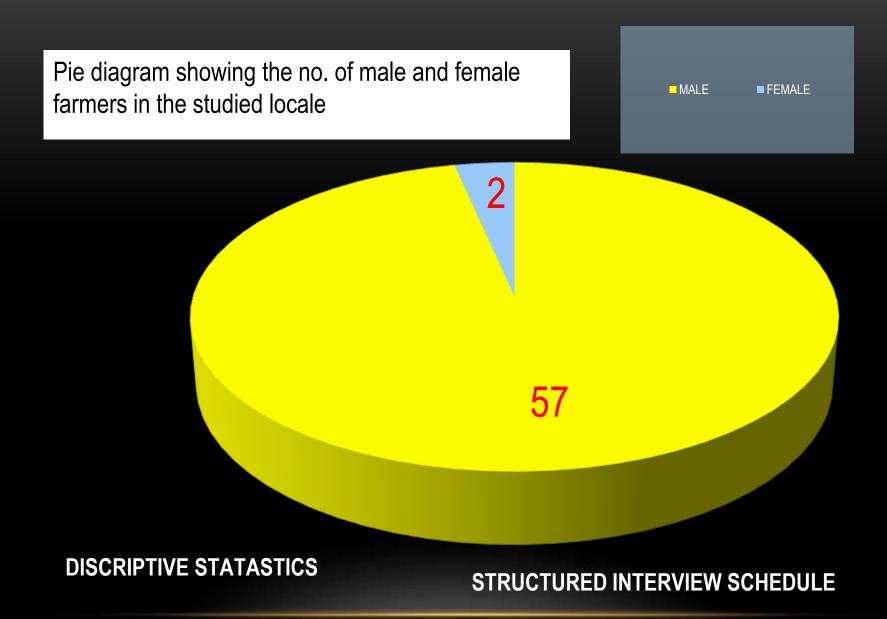


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Sampling





> Total 59 farmers were studied.

- Among them only two farms are on the name of women.
- It means 3.39% of farms are registered in name of women.
- But at ground level only one shrimp farms is run by woman and other is managed by men only, which indicates that shrimp farm ownership is dominated by men.
- The name of the woman farmer who run and manage the shrimp farm is Smt. Shradha Anagolkar

DETAILS OF THE FARM MANAGED BY SHRADHA ANAGOLKAR







- ► Educational Qualification -: D.FE.
- ≻Age-: 28 yrs.
- ➤ Marital status-: Married
- Locality of farm is in the village Nanar, Taluka Rajapur, Dist-Ratnagiri, Maharashtra
- ➤ Farm is taken on lease for five years
- ➤Water spread area of farm is about 2 ha.
- ➢No, of . Ponds are four
- Stocking density-: 40 no./sq. meters
- ≻Doc -154
- ➢ Avg. size of harvesting- 45-50 grm.
- Survival-75 %

- Total production pre crop- 13800 kg
- > Avg. price for a shrimp 355 Rs..per Kg.
- Gross revenue per crop-4899000
- **FCR- 1:6**
- Avg production cost-280 Rs. Kg
- Avg. Expenditure of a crop 3864000
- Net profit per crop- 1035000
- No. of crops taken per year -: 02
- Forward integration- Expand her shrimp aquaculture activity across the district
- She is also holding a dealership of water base shrimp feed.
- She is selling her produce most of the time by herself only in the domestic market like Goa, and Pune

HER VIEWS

- Need family support
- Need to do it with passion and full involvement
- Need to update and alert regarding recent advancement in the field.
- Need to change according to the situation.
- It is very difficult to travel at night during emergency.
- Potential is there to undertake aquaculture activities but should be encouraged to participate in shrimp farming.
- Make aware the women regarding their potential, hardworking, responsiveness.
- Create awareness regarding new technologies in farming.
- Make visit on the farm of successful women entrepreneurs in aquaculture/shrimp farming so they will get motivated.

CONSTRAINTS FACED BY HER

- High investment and high risk
- Need to work in remote area
- Family support is necessary for every interested women, in shrimp farming
- Interest and hands on training regarding shrimp farming is different.

Conclusion

In shrimp farming, which is a sunrise industry, ownership of farms/ponds by women is minuscule and gender gap exists.

There is need to conduct capacity development programmes specially for women.

If favorable environment is available to the interested women the she will definitely become a successful shrimp farmer..

THANK YOU